









Validation of High Risk Criteria in Medication Reconciliation in Major Orthopaedic Surgery: A Delphi Study

Luque J¹, Cavalheiro M¹, Silva P¹, Filipe H², Falcao F², Caldeira D³, Costa J³, Fernandes R³, Pereira I⁴, Lavrador M⁴, Castel-Branco MM⁴, Fresco P⁵, Fernandez-Llimos F⁵, Duarte G¹, Rodrigues M⁶, Capoulas M⁷, Santos C⁷

¹Hospital Da Luz Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal, ²University of Lisbon, Pharmacy Faculty, Lisboa, Portugal, ³University of Lisbon, Medicine Faculty, Lisboa, Portugal, ⁴University of Coimbra, Pharmacy Faculty, Lisboa, Portugal, ³University of Lisbon, Medicine Faculty, Lisboa, Portugal, ⁴University of Coimbra, Pharmacy Faculty, Lisboa, Portugal, ⁴University of Lisboa, ⁴University Faculty, Coimbra, Portugal, ⁵University of Porto, Pharmacy Faculty, Porto, Portugal, ⁶Instituto Universitário Egas Moniz, Lisboa, Portugal, ⁷Luz Saúde, Lisboa, Portugal

INTRODUCTION & OBJECTIVES

Medication reconciliation (MR) is relevant in transitional care, however, given the limited resources, it is necessary to identify the patients who can benefit the most. Our aim was to validate the criteria that identify patients at high risk of experience medication errors and error-related adverse events undergoing major orthopedic surgery.

METHODS



Delphi technique: questionnaire in 3 phases (April-June 2023)



Each expert rated the criteria according to a 5-point Likert scale.



10 experts from 4 Faculties of Pharmacy and Medicine.

- Consensus 1^{st} round: average of Likert scale ≥ 4 (inclusion) or < 2(exclusion).

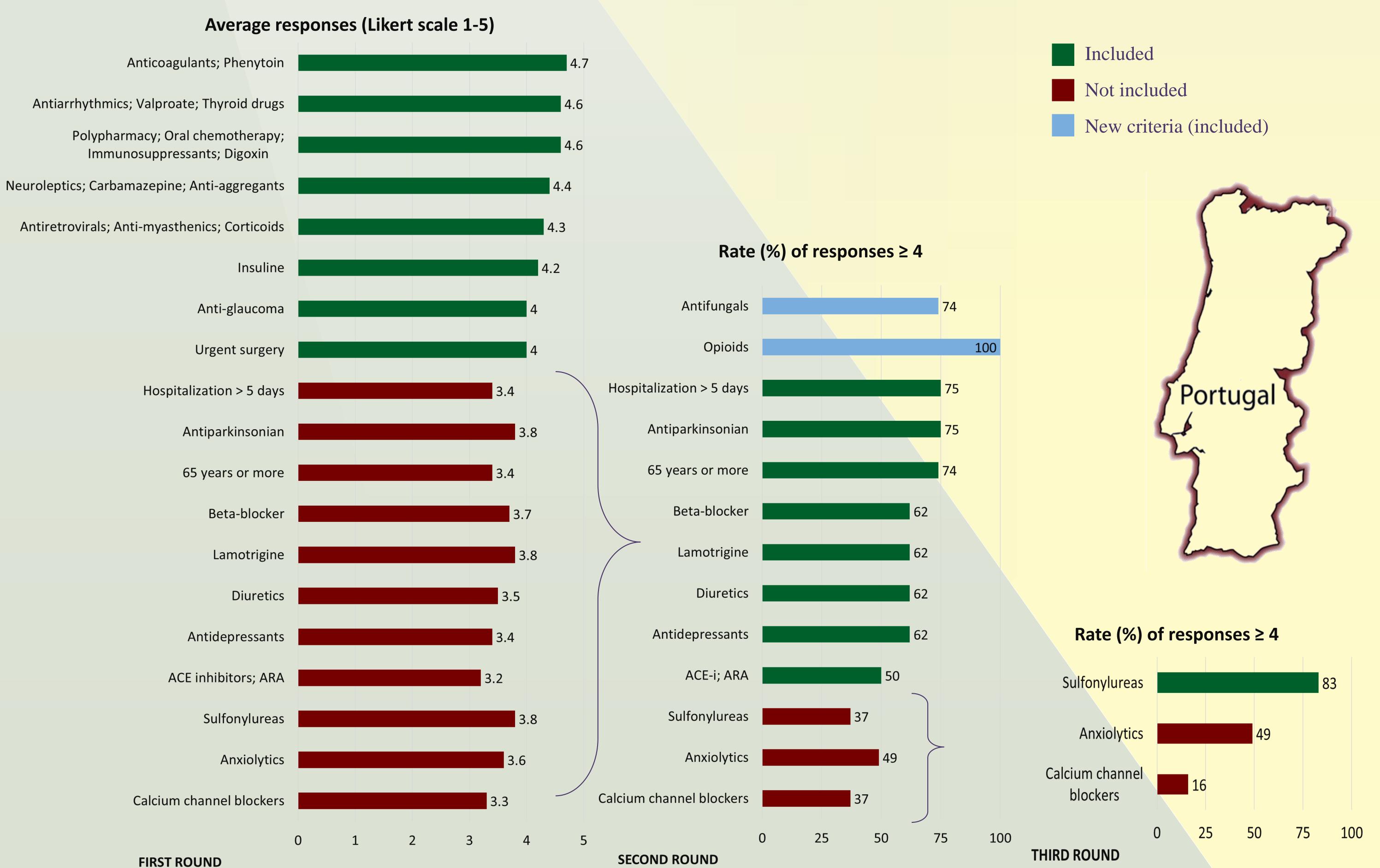


Inclusion criteria previously defined by a multidisciplinary team, based on the probability of risk of the adverse event to happen.

- -Consensus $2^{nd}/3^{rd}$ round: $\geq 50\%$ of the responses ≥ 4 (inclusion) or <2
- (exclusion).
- ✓ It was possible to suggest the inclusion of new criteria.

RESULTS

10 experts answered to first round, 8 to second and 6 to third (final) round:



CONCLUSIONS

We developed and validated a list of 29 criteria to identify patients at high risk of experience medication-related adverse events undergoing major orthopedic surgery. These criteria may help improve human resource management for clinical pharmacy activities by prioritizing those who would benefit the most. This methodology could be replicated in other clinical areas.

ACKNOWLEGMENTS / REFERENCES / CONTACT

We would like to thank all the Delphi expert panel for the contribution to the study. Hasson F, Keeney S, McKenna H. Research guidelines for the Delphi survey technique. J Adv Nurs. 2000;32:4

First author: Jesus Luque, PhD (jesus.cotrina.luque@gmail.com)

Grupo Luz Saude Hospital Da Luz Lisboa

Lisboa, Portugal Portugal



